

7.2 Solve Linear Systems by Substitution

pp. 383–388

Alg. 9.0

EXAMPLE

Solve the linear system: $3x + y = -9$ Equation 1
 $y = 5x + 7$ Equation 2

STEP 1 Substitute $5x + 7$ for y in Equation 1 and solve for x .

$$3x + y = -9 \quad \text{Write Equation 1.}$$

$$3x + 5x + 7 = -9 \quad \text{Substitute } 5x + 7 \text{ for } y.$$

$$x = -2 \quad \text{Solve for } x.$$

STEP 2 Substitute -2 for x in Equation 2 to find the value of y .

$$y = 5x + 7 = 5(-2) + 7 = -10 + 7 = -3$$

► The solution is $(-2, -3)$. You can check the solution by substituting -2 for x and -3 for y in each of the original equations.

EXERCISES

Solve the linear system using substitution.

7. $y = 2x - 7$
 $x + 2y = 1$

8. $x + 4y = 9$
 $x - y = 4$

9. $2x + y = -15$
 $y - 5x = 6$

EXAMPLES 1 and 2

on pp. 383–384
for Exs. 7–9

7.3 Solve Linear Systems by Adding or Subtracting

pp. 391–397

Alg. 9.0

EXAMPLE

Solve the linear system: $5x - y = 8$ Equation 1
 $-5x + 4y = -17$ Equation 2

STEP 1 Add the equations to eliminate one variable.

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x - y = 8 \\ -5x + 4y = -17 \\ \hline 3y = -9 \end{array}$$

STEP 2 Solve for y .

$$y = -3$$

STEP 3 Substitute -3 for y in either equation and solve for x .

$$5x - y = 8 \quad \text{Write Equation 1.}$$

$$5x - (-3) = 8 \quad \text{Substitute } -3 \text{ for } y.$$

$$x = 1 \quad \text{Solve for } x.$$

► The solution is $(1, -3)$. You can check the solution by substituting 1 for x and -3 for y in each of the original equations.

EXERCISES

Solve the linear system using elimination.

10. $4x - 5y = 14$
 $-4x + y = -6$

11. $x + 7y = 12$
 $-2x + 7y = 18$

12. $4y = 11 - 3x$
 $3x + 2y = -5$

EXAMPLES 1, 2, and 3

on pp. 391–392
for Exs. 10–12